### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPINORTHERN DIVISION

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI
FILED
JUN 2 6 2015

ARTHUR JOHNSTON
BY DEPUTY

JARED COOK

**PLAINTIFF** 

VS.

NO. 3:15cv469cwR-FXB

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, by and through its Board of Supervisors, and JOHN and JANE DOES 1-24

**DEFENDANTS** 

### <u>COMPLAINT</u> (Jury Trial Demanded)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff, Jared Cook, in the above styled and referenced cause, by and through his undersigned counsel, and files this his Complaint against the aforementioned Defendants, and alleges as follows:

### **PARTIES**

1.

Plaintiff, JARED COOK, is a person of the full age of majority and resident of Hinds County, Mississippi.

2.

Defendant HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi, and may be served with process by effecting the same upon the Chancery Clerk for Hinds County, Mississippi, Mrs. Eddie Jean Carr at the Hinds County Courthouse, 316 S. President St., Jackson, Mississippi.

3.

Defendants JOHN and JANE DOES 1-24, whose identities are unknown to the Plaintiff at this time, are upon information and belief, deputies of the Hinds County Sheriff's Department,

and/or officers and/or trainees employed at the Hinds County Detention Center, and/or employed by Hinds County, as personnel assigned to the Hinds County Detention Center. All allegations and claims asserted herein against the named Defendants are incorporated herein by reference against JOHN and JANE DOES 1-24. Said JOHN and JANE DOES 1-24, when their identities are known, will be identified by name and joined in this action, if necessary, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

### **JURISDICTION**

4.

The Plaintiff herein invokes this Court's federal question jurisdiction pursuant to 28 United States Code §§ 1331 and 1343 to obtain a judgment for the costs of suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees, and damages suffered and sustained by Mr. Cook, and caused by the blatant violation of the rights, privileges and immunities of the Plaintiff, as guaranteed by the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America and by the applicable Federal Statutes, more particularly, 42 United States Code §§ 1983 and 1985(3).

### **VENUE**

5.

Venue is proper in this jurisdiction and district pursuant to 28 United States Code § 1391(b) in that the alleged acts and omissions of the Defendants occurred exclusively within the territorial limits of this judicial district and division.

### **FACTS**

6.

On June 29, 2012, Jared Cook was a detainee of the Hinds County Sheriff and was being held in the Hinds County Detention Center in Raymond, Mississippi. While in custody, Mr. Cook was

brutally beaten by fellow inmates at the Hinds County Detention Center who had "popped" the locks on their cells. Although he was threatened by his fellow inmates not to inform detention center officials what had happened to him, Mr. Cook did alert a Hinds County Detention Center guard about the beating he had received once the beating ceased.

7.

After telling the guard what happened to him at the hands of his fellow inmates, no corrective or protective measures were taken by Hinds County Detention Center officials whatsoever. Once again, the assailants "popped" the locks on their cells and returned to savagely beat Mr. Cook a second time. As a result of the injuries Mr. Cook sustained, he was rushed to Central Mississippi Medical Center where he was treated for injuries to his head, face, and torso. Said injuries included, but were not limited to, a broken nose and multiple lacerations.

8.

Prior to the multiple beatings of Mr. Cook in the Hinds County Detention Center, numerous other individuals were subjected to a detention environment that was completely out of the control of HCDC officials. Other instances of violent inmates "popping" locks prior to the beatings in this case are documented fully in the case files of the United States District Clerk for the Northern Division of the Southern District of Mississippi. (See, i.e. Memorandum Opinion and Order, Dkt. No. 63 in *Troy Vancurtis Ellis v. Major Mary Rushing*, Cause No. 3:11cv749-LRA, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A.) Furthermore, two days prior to the beatings in this case, a guard from the HCDC spoke with a local news channel under condition of anonymity to draw attention to the problem of violent inmates "popping locks." (See WAPT's report entitled "Guard: Inmates escaping cells at Hinds Co. Detention Center", found at <a href="http://www.wapt.com/news/central-mississispij/jackson/Guard-Inmates-escaping-cells-at-Hinds-Co-Detention-Center/15309504">https://www.wapt.com/news/central-mississispij/jackson/Guard-Inmates-escaping-cells-at-Hinds-Co-Detention-Center/15309504</a>, a true

and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit B.) In fact, a week prior to the beatings in this case, Hinds County Sheriff Tyrone Lewis himself demonstrated for WAPT's television cameras how inmates could "pop" the locks in the HCDC.

## COUNT I ACTION FOR DEPRAVATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS (42 U.S.C. § 1983)

9.

The Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and re-alleges the information set forth in paragraphs 1-8, supra. The Plaintiff makes the following allegations in Count I with respect to all Defendants:

10.

At all times material hereto, the Defendants, both named and unnamed, were vested with authority and the non-delegable duty of adhering to, complying with, and enforcing the laws of the United States of America and the State of Mississippi. Consequently, while acting under color of state law, these Defendants commenced to engage in a course of conduct and to implement a policy, custom, usage, plan, practice, and/or design wherein the rights, privileges, and immunities of Mr. Cook were violated. Specifically these Defendants, jointly and severally, engaged in a course of conduct that resulted in the violation of Mr. Cook's rights under the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to be free of pretrial conditions that constitute punishment. Mr. Cook suffered physical injuries as described above as a result of the Defendants to reasonably protect Mr. Cook from an identified, known harm. Additionally, these Defendants, both named and unnamed, failed to adequately train staff or hire properly trained staff, or receive proper training as to the supervision of individuals in the custody of the government, all of which caused or contributed to the unreasonably unsafe environment which lead to Mr. Cook's injuries.

These Defendants, named and unnamed, deliberately and/or negligently implemented a policy, custom, usage, plan, practice, and/or design wherein the rights, privileges, and immunities of Mr. Cook and other inmates were violated. Upon information and belief, in the five years prior to Mr. Cook's beatings, other individuals have been treated in a similar fashion by these Defendants. Upon information and belief, these Defendants were placed on notice that there was a need for increased security at the HCDC. In truth and in fact, Sheriff Tyrone Lewis and others, prior to and since this incident, have publicly expressed the need for extra security measures to be taken to prevent the exact type of harm that befell Mr. Cook. However, the obvious need for increased staff and security was previously ignored as a result of these Defendants' unreasonable and unconstitutional custom, usage, and/or policy. These Defendants' continued policy of inadequate training, security, and supervision resulted in the injuries sustained by Mr. Cook.

12.

These Defendants bear a duty to exercise reasonable care in the hiring, training and supervision of their employees. This duty includes a responsibility to train correctional officers and other agents to properly monitor, observe and report the deprivation of constitutional rights of individuals in custody to the proper legal authorities. The Defendants also bear the duty to provide individuals in custody with a secure environment. These Defendants bear the duty of hiring deputies, jailers, and other staff with the requisite education, training and expertise to provide reasonable and adequate security for individuals in custody. These Defendants, jointly and severally, breached each of these duties for failing to provide proper training to their agents, by failing to have appropriate procedures and protocols in place to ensure adequate protection of civil rights, and by failing to supervise their staff. These Defendants also failed to update policies, repair jail facilities, and to

provide peer review or adequate supervision of their staff. These breaches directly and proximately resulted in the harms and damages alleged herein.

13.

At all times material hereto, these Defendants, named and unnamed, and their agents, representatives, and employees acted pursuant to policies, regulations, and decisions officially adopted or promulgated by those persons whose acts may fairly be said to represent official policy of or were pursuant to a governmental custom, usage or practice of these Defendants and their agents, representatives, and employees.

14.

As a direct and proximate consequence of these Defendants' aforementioned conduct, wherein such Defendants deprived Mr. Cook of certain rights guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Mississippi, Mr. Cook experienced pain, suffering, humiliation, degradation, physical injury and severe emotional and mental anguish and distress. Thus, these Defendants, both named and unnamed are jointly and severally liable for the deprivation of Mr. Cook's constitutional rights as outlined herein.

# COUNT II. ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY TO INTERFERE WITH CIVIL RIGHTS (42 U.S.C. § 1985)

15.

The Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and re-alleges the information set forth in paragraphs 1-24, supra.

16.

At all times material hereto, all Defendants, named and unnamed, and their agents, representatives, and employees did conspire to deprive the Plaintiff of the rights, privileges, and

immunities guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Mississippi. Specifically, these Defendants, conspired as outlined in preceding paragraphs of this Complaint engage in a course of conduct that resulted in the violation of Mr. Cook's rights as outlined hereinabove.

17.

As a direct and proximate consequence of these Defendants' aforementioned conduct, wherein such Defendants conspired to deprive Mr. Cook of certain rights guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Mississippi, Mr. Cook experienced pain, suffering, humiliation, degradation, physical injury and severe emotional and mental anguish and distress. Thus, these Defendants, both named and unnamed are jointly and severally liable for the deprivation of Mr. Cook's constitutional rights as outlined herein.

### **COUNT IV**

### **ACTION FOR INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS**

18.

The Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and re-alleges the information set forth hereinabove.

19.

The actions and/or inactions of Defendants in the denial of Mr. Cook's civil rights were reckless, intentional, and so outrageous to such an extreme degree that it exceeded the bounds of decency and, thus is not tolerated by a civilized community. Mr. Cook suffered reasonably foreseeable damages as a result of these Defendants' conduct and should be compensated for this tort in accordance with the MTCA.

### **COUNT V**

### **ACTION FOR NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS**

20.

The Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference and re-alleges the information set forth hereinabove.

21.

The negligent actions and/or inactions of Defendants in the denial of Mr. Cook's civil rights caused Mr. Cook reasonably foreseeable substantial mental anguish. As a result, Mr. Cook should be compensated for negligent infliction of emotional distress in accordance with the MTCA.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

22.

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, the Plaintiff, JARED COOK, prays that upon the filing of this Complaint that this Honorable Court will set this matter for a full and complete trial by jury on the merits and upon completion of the same, enter a judgment granting the following relief:

a. enter a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against all Defendants jointly and severally, for the actual or compensatory damages sustained by the Plaintiff pursuant to 42 United States Code sections 1983 and 1985, the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America and the corresponding sections of the Constitution of and Code of the State of Mississippi, from which the Defendants did cause the physical pain and suffering, infliction of emotional distress, mental anguish, degradation, humiliation, loss of enjoyment of life, and any other injury claim that may be discovered during the course of this

- cause which the law holds the Defendants liable and responsible in an amount to be determined by a jury, but not less than \$500,000.00;
- b. enter a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendants JOHN and JANE DOES 1-24, Individually, jointly and severally, for punitive or exemplary damages, for the outrageous, willful, wanton and intentional conduct that resulted in gross or reckless indifference to the welfare, safety, rights, privileges, and/or immunities of the Plaintiff in an amount to be determined by a jury, but not less than \$1,000,000.00;
- c. enter a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendants jointly and severally for damages arising from the tort of intentional infliction of emotional distress in accordance with the MTCA;
- d. enter a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendants jointly and severally for damages arising from the tort of negligent infliction of emotional distress in accordance with the MTCA:
- f. enter a judgment against all Defendants jointly and severally for the Plaintiff's reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 United States Code section 1988, all costs of this action and related litigation expenses and expert fees;
- g. enter a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendants, jointly and severally, for such other relief, general or specific, as the Court may deem appropriate, just, and equitable in the premises.

Respectfully submitted, this the 26<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2015.

By: JARED COOK, Plaintiff

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